EF-571-J-R07-0524-01000292-1 BOE-571-J (S1) REV. 07 (5-24)

Read the instructions before completing this form

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County

# COUNTY OF ALAMEDA IG LA, ASSESSOR

h st., Suite 320 1221 Oak St., Rm 145 d, Ca. 94612-4288

	THE TAX CORECTOR OF		<b>1</b> 17.		
ANNUAL RACEHORSE TAX RETURN	Type of Ownership: Proprietorship Part	tnership Corporation Syndicate	<b>*</b> *	1	
Person or	Other		16	11	
Corporation Name ————————————————————————————————————					
DBA (Ranch or Stable Name) —	Name, address, and phone number (including area code) of authorized person to c				

To The Tay Collector of

(510) 272-3836 Fax (510) 891-5542 www.acgov.org/assessor Mailing Address -Zip Code \_ Phone No. City and State \_\_ \_\_\_ Zip Code \_ Street address, city, state, and zip code where the books and records are locate Make necessary corrections to the printed name and mailing address. Local Phone Number ( ☐ CHECK THIS BOX IF YOU NO LONGER OWN A RACEHORSE LIST ALL RACEHORSES OWNED AS OF 12:01 a.m. JANUARY 1, 20\_\_\_\_\_, AND DOMICILED IN THIS COUNTY G EARNINGS DURING PREVIOUS ANNUAL **DOMICILE** FOR NAME OF RACEHORSE CALENDAR YEAR TAX DUE SCHOOL COUNTY (Include Stallions, В C D Ε (see DISTRICT OR USE Broodmares, Yearlings, REGISTRATION AGE CLASSI-**BREED** DATE SOURCE Schedule AMOUNT TAX RATE ONLY ADDRESS FICATION **ACOUIRED** and Horses in Training) A) AREA NO. \$ **DECLARATION BY ASSESSEE** Are you filing an Annual Racehorse Tax Return for this period in any other California county? Note: The following declaration must be completed and signed. If you do not do so, it may result in penalties. If yes, what counties? \_\_\_\_ I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that I have examined this return, If more lines are needed, attach a separate schedule. If you do not owe racehorse tax in including accompanying schedules, statements or other attachments, and to the best of my knowledge and this county, so indicate on the form, sign it, and return it to the tax collector. belief it is true, correct and complete and includes all racehorses and racehorse data required to be reported which is owned, claimed, possessed, controlled, or managed by the person named as the assessee in this return Taxes Due (1) Note: RACEHORSE TAXES ARE DUE AND PAYABLE at 12:01 a.m. on January 1, 20\_ AT 12:01 a.m. JANUARY 1 ..... (2) If the tax is paid after 5 p.m. on February 15, add 6 percent of SIGNATURE OF ASSESSEE OR AUTHORIZED AGENT\* DATE the taxes due, as shown on line (1). (3) An additional 1 percent per month penalty accrues on any **Penalties** NAME OF ASSESSEE OR AUTHORIZED AGENT\* (typed or printed) TITLE unpaid tax shown on line (1) on March 1 and the first day of Added each month thereafter ..... NAME OF LEGAL ENTITY (other than DBA) (typed or printed) FEDERAL EMPLOYER ID NO. (4) If the return is filed after 5 p.m. on February 15, add 10 percent of the taxes due shown on line (1) ..... TELEPHONE NO. TITLE PREPARER'S NAME AND ADDRESS (typed or printed) TOTAL TAXES AND PENALTIES DUE

\*Agent: see page S2B for Declaration by Assessor instructions.



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## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE ANNUAL RACEHORSE TAX RETURN

This return pertains only to racehorses which come within the following definition:

Racehorse means each live horse, including a stallion, mare, gelding, ridgeling, colt, filly, or foal, that is or will be eligible to participate in or produce foals which will be eligible to participate in a horseracing contest in California wherein parimutuel racing is permitted under rules and regulations prescribed by the California Horse Racing Board. The term does not include any horse over three years old, or over four years old in the case of an Arabian horse, which, during the 24 months preceding the current calendar year, has not participated in a horserace contest on which parimutuel wagering is permitted or has not been used for breeding purposes in order to provide racehorses. (See the section on Exemptions and Exclusions at the end of these instructions.)

The following instructions are to be observed in completing the return. They are lettered to correspond with the letters on the face of the form.

## NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS

#### NAME (PERSON OR CORPORATION)

If the name is preprinted, check the spelling and correct any error. In the case of a proprietorship, enter that last name first, then the first name and initial. Partnerships, joint owners, and syndicates must list the names and mailing addresses of all partners, joint owners, or syndicate members and attach the list to this form. Corporation names should be complete so they will not be confused with fictitious or DBA (Doing Business As) names.

## **DBA OR FICTITIOUS NAME**

Enter the DBA name under which you are operating in this county below the name of the proprietor, partnership, joint ownership, syndicate, or corporation. This may be a ranch or stable name.

#### MAILING ADDRESS

Enter the mailing address of the legal entity shown above. This may be either a street address or a post office box number. It may differ from the location of the horses. Include the city, state, and zip code.

#### LOCAL PHONE NUMBER

Enter the local phone number in this county where we may contact you or your authorized representative for information regarding the horses. If there is no local phone number, enter the area code and number and name of the city where you may be called.

#### TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

Check the appropriate box. Each different syndicate is a separate legal business entity and must file a separate Annual Racehorse Tax Return for a racehorse or racehorses that it owns as of 12:01 a.m. on January 1. The names of all syndicate members must be included with the return.

#### NAME, ADDRESS, AND PHONE NUMBER (INCLUDING AREA CODE) OF AUTHORIZED PERSON TO CONTACT FOR AN AUDIT

This may be the owner of the business, his or her accountant, or his or her tax representative. Also, enter the street address, city, state, and zip code where the books and records are located; normally this will be the main office located in California, but in some instances it could be a location in another state.

Column A. List by name all racehorses (if a horse is unnamed, so state) which are "domiciled" within this county and owned by you as of 12:01 a.m. on January 1. If you own racehorses, which are domiciled in other California counties, file a separate return with the tax collector of each of those counties (see S2B, instructions for Column G). File BOE-571-J1, Annual Report of Boarded Racehorses, if you boarded racehorses for others at 12:01 a.m. on January 1; a copy of this form will be supplied on request. The domicile of a racehorse is the home ranch or other customary location to which a horse is taken when not breeding or being bred, racing or in training to race. If you do not return racehorses to any such location, their domicile is your own residence whether or not you have facilities for keeping horses

Column B. Show each horse's registration number. If a horse is not registered, so state.

Column C. State the age of the horse as of January 1 of the current calendar year.

Column D. Show each horse's classification by entering the abbreviation for the category to which it belongs according to the following definitions:

Current calendar year means the calendar year in which this return is required to be filed.

Previous calendar year means the calendar year immediately preceding the one in which this return is required to be filed.

Stakes race means a race with a purse to which owners of participating horses have contributed nomination, entry, or starting fees or a recognized stakes race in which all entrants raced by invitation.

Yearling means a racehorse born during the previous calendar year.

Foal means a racehorse born during the current calendar year (i.e., at or after 12:01 a.m. on January 1 of the year in which this return is required to be filed).

## ABBREVIATION NAME AND DEFINITION OF CATEGORY

at this location.

- S Stallion means a racehorse which, during the 24 months preceding the current calendar year, serviced three or more different broodmares for the purpose of producing racehorses.
- SWPB Stakes-winning producing broodmare is a racehorse mare which both (1) won a stakes race at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year and (2) during the previous calendar year produced a foal that lived 3 days or more.
- SPB Stakes-producing broodmare is a racehorse mare which, at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year, produced a racehorse that won a stakes race at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year.
- OPB Other producing broodmare is a racehorse mare which (1) during the previous calendar year produced a foal that lived 3 days or more but (2) is not a stakes-winning producing broodmare or a stakes-producing broodmare.
- SWNB Stakes-winning nonproducing broodmare means a racehorse mare which (1) won a stakes race at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year and (2) during the preceding calendar year did not produce a foal that lived 3 days or more.
- ONB Other nonproducing broodmare means a racehorse mare which (1) has never won a stakes race prior to January 1 of the current calendar year and (2) during the preceding calendar year did not produce a foal that lived 3 days or more.
- Stakes yearling, stakes two-year old, or stakes three-year-old means a racehorse which, as of January 1 of the current calendar year (1) is of the designated age, (2) is unraced, and (3) is a foal of a broodmare that, at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year either (a) won a stakes race OR (b) produced a racehorse which, at any time prior to January 1 of the current calendar year, won a stakes race.
- OY Other yearling, two-year-old, or three-year-old means a racehorse which as of January 1 of the current calendar year (1) is of the designated age, (2) is unraced, and (3) is not a stakes yearling, stakes two-year-old, or stakes three-year-old.
- AR Active racehorse means any racehorse that participated during the previous calendar year in a horseracing contest on which parimutuel wagering was permitted.
- NAR Nonactive racehorse means a racehorse that (1) is four years of age or older and (2) has not participated during the previous calendar year in a horseracing contest on which parimutuel wagering was permitted.



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Column E. Show the breed by abbreviations as follows: Thoroughbreds (T.B.), Quarter (Q.H.), Standardbred (Std.B.), Appaloosa (App.), or Arabian (Ar.).

Column F. Show the date you acquired the horse by transfer of legal or equitable title, or its birth date if acquired at birth.

Column G. Show the domicile of the horse as of 12:01 a.m. on January 1. Include the ranch or stable name and address. The domicile of a racehorse is the home ranch or other customary location to which a horse is taken when not breeding or being bred, racing or in training to race. If you do not return the horse to any such location, the domicile is your own residence whether or not you have facilities for keeping horses at this location.

If known, enter the elementary or unified school district name or tax-rate area code number or parcel number as of 12:01 a.m. on January 1 where the racehorse

is domiciled.

Column H. Enter the gross amount of money earned by each racehorse during the previous calendar year.

Show the source (such as racing or breeding) of the income earned during the previous calendar year. If the income is from breeding fees, show the highest stud

fee charged during the previous calendar year (e.g., "\$5,000 stud fee").

Column I. Enter the applicable annual tax for each racehorse from the following schedule.

## **DECLARATION BY ASSESSEE**

The law requires that this return, regardless of where it is executed, shall be declared to be true under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California. The declaration must be signed by the assessee, a duly appointed fiduciary, or a person authorized to sign on behalf of the assessee. In the case of a corporation, the declaration must be signed by an officer or by an employee or agent who has been designated in writing by the board of directors, by name or by title, to sign the declaration on behalf of the corporation. In the case of a partnership, the declaration must be signed by a partner or an authorized employee or agent. In the case of a Limited Liability Company (LLC) the declaration must be signed by an LLC manager, or by a member where there is no manager, or by an employee or agent designated by the LLC manager or by the members to sign on behalf of the LLC.

When signed by an employee or agent, other than a member of the bar, a certified public accountant, a public accountant, an enrolled agent or a duly appointed fiduciary, the assessee's written authorization of the employee or agent to sign the declaration on behalf of the assessee must be filed with the Assessor. The County may at any time require a person who signs a production report and who is required to have written authorization to provide proof of authorization.

A return that is not signed and executed in accordance with the foregoing instructions is not validly filed.

### SCHEDULE A

	12 YEARS OF AGE AND YOUNGER	AGE 13 AND OLDER	
Stallions			Active Racehorses which in the previous calendar year earned:
Stud fee classification (determined by the highest			\$100,000 or more\$150
stud fee charged during the previous calendar year)			Between \$50,000 and \$99,999
\$10,000 and up	\$1,000	\$650	Between \$25,000 and \$49,99960
7,500—9,999	750	500	Less than \$25,00040
5,000—7,499	500	330	EC33 (Hull \$2.5,000
3,000—4,999	300	200	Other Racehorses
1,500—2,999	150	100	Stakes yearlings, stakes
1,000—1,499		65	two-year-olds, stakes
Less than \$1,000	75	50	three-year-olds
Broodmares			Other yearlings, two-year-olds, three-year-olds, and nonactive
Stakes-winning producing	\$ 75	\$ 50	racehorses20
Stakes-producing	75	50	
Other producing		28	
Stakes-winning non producing	35	25	
Other nonproducing	20	12	

Total Column I and file this return with the appropriate remittance to \_\_\_\_\_\_the County Tax Collector before 5 p.m. on February 15 of the current calendar year. If the form is filed late or if the tax becomes delinquent (subject to penalties), you should compute the penalties and pay the total tax and penalties due.

This return and all your records pertaining thereto are subject to audit within 5 years of the date the tax was due. They may be compared with federal and state income tax returns. Retain your records until the 5-year period has expired.

## EXEMPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

## **EXEMPTIONS**

Racehorse foals, as defined above, and pets, defined in the Revenue and Taxation Code as animals held for noncommercial purposes and not as an investment, are exempt from the annual racehorse tax and the general property tax.

## **EXCLUSIONS**

Horses which are four years of age or older on January 1 of the current calendar year and which, during the 24 months preceding the current calendar year, did not participate in a race where parimutuel wagering was permitted, or were not used for breeding purposes in order to produce racehorses, are not subject to the annual racehorse tax but are subject to the general property tax unless they are exempt because they come within the above definition of pets.

A female horse was used for breeding purposes only if it was bred to a registered male to produce a racehorse, and a male horse was used for this purpose only if it serviced at least three different registered females to produce racehorses.



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