



SHELLY SCOTT
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CLAIM OF PERSON(S) AT LEAST 55 YEARS OF AGE FOR TRANSFER OF BASE YEAR VALUE TO REPLACEMENT DWELLING

(INTRACOUNTY AND INTERCOUNTY, WHEN APPLICABLE)

A. REPLACEMENT DWELLING

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER	RECORDER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER
DATE OF PURCHASE	DATE OF COMPLETION OF NEW CONSTRUCTION
PURCHASE PRICE \$	COST OF NEW CONSTRUCTION \$
PROPERTY ADDRESS (street, city, county)	

1. Do you occupy the replacement dwelling as your principal place of residence? ☐ Yes ☐ No
2. Is this property a multi-unit property? If so, which unit is your principal residence? _____
3. Is the new construction described performed on a replacement dwelling which has already been granted the benefit under R&TC section 69.5 within the past two years? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, what was the date of your original claim? _____

B. ORIGINAL (FORMER) PROPERTY

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER
DATE OF SALE
SALE PRICE \$
PROPERTY ADDRESS (street, city, county)

1. Was this property your principal place of residence? ☐ Yes ☐ No Date property was no longer your principal residence: _____
2. Was this property a multi-unit property? If so, which unit was your principal residence? _____
3. Did this property transfer to your parent(s), child(ren) or grandchild(ren)? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Note: When applicable, if the property is located in a different county from that of the replacement property, you must attach a copy of the original property's latest tax bill and any supplemental tax bill(s) issued before the date of sale. Also, was there any new construction to this property since the last tax bill(s) and before the date of sale? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, please explain: _____

GENERAL INFORMATION

California law allows any person who is at least 55 years of age (at the time of sale of original/former property) who resides in a property eligible for the Homeowners' Exemption (place of residence) or currently receiving the Disabled Veterans' Exemption to transfer the base year value of the original property to a replacement dwelling of equal or lesser value within the same county. For purposes of this exclusion, *original property* and *replacement dwelling* mean a building, structure, or other shelter constituting a place of abode which is owned and occupied by a claimant as his or her principal place of residence, and land eligible for the Homeowners' Exemption. If an original property is a multi-unit dwelling, each unit shall be considered a separate original property.

To qualify for transfer of a base year value from your original principal place of residence to a replacement dwelling, all the following requirements must be met:

- 1) The replacement property must be your principal residence and must be eligible of the Homeowners' Exemption or Disabled Veterans' Exemption;
- 2) The replacement property must be of equal or lesser "fair market value" than the original property, meaning: 100 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property were purchased or newly constructed before the sale of the original property, or 105 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the first year after the sale of the original property, or 110 percent or less of the market value of the original property if a replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the second year after the sale of the original property;
- 3) The replacement property must be purchased or built within two years (before or after) of the sale of the original property; and
- 4) A claim for relief must be filed within 3 years of the date a replacement dwelling is purchased or new construction of that replacement dwelling is completed. If you file your claim after the 3-year period, relief will be granted beginning with the calendar year in which you file your claim.

Please note that if you sold the original property to your parent, child, or grandchild and that person filed a claim and was granted the parent-child or grandparent to grandchild change in ownership exclusion on the original property, then you may not also transfer that base year value from your original property to your replacement property under the provisions of Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) section 69.5.

If the original property was substantially damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity (not limited to a Governor-declared disaster) and sold in its damaged state, the fair market value of the property immediately preceding the damage or destruction is used for purposes of the equal or lesser value test. A property is "substantially damaged or destroyed" if either land or improvements sustain physical damage amounting to more than 50 percent of its full cash value immediately prior to the misfortune or calamity.

If you are filing a claim for **additional treatment** under R&TC section 69.5 as the result of new construction performed on a replacement dwelling which has already been granted the benefit, you must complete the reverse side of this form. You may be eligible if the new construction is completed within two years of the date of sale of the original property; you have notified the Assessor in writing of the completion of new construction within 6 months after completion; and the fair market value of the new construction (as confirmed by the Assessor) on the date of completion, plus the full cash value of the replacement dwelling at the time of its purchase/date of completion of new construction (as confirmed by the Assessor) does not exceed the market value of the original property as of its date of sale.